

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Reed Diffuser Base
Product code not assigned
HSNO approval HSR002574

Approval description Food Additives and Fragrance Materials (Combustible) Group Standard

2020

UN number NA
Proper Shipping Name NA
DG class NA
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA

Ises Diffuser base

Company Details

Company Illumina Candle Supplies

Address 4D Morrin Road,

Mount Wellington, Auckland New Zealand

Website https://illuminacandlesupplies.com/

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 764 766

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002574, Food Additives and Fragrance Materials (Combustible) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS 7 Classes Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid category 4 H227 - Combustible liquid.

Eye irritant category 2 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

SYMBOLS

WARNING



Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention P103 - Read label before use.

P210 - Keep away from flames and hot surfaces*. No smoking.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

Response P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.



3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Glycol solvent	proprietary	>60%
Refined hydrocarbon	Proprietary	10-30%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid Ready access to running water is recommended. Accessible eyewash is

facilities recommended.

Exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse

mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Inhaled Generally, inhalation of vapours is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If

coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side)

for transport and contact a doctor.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: This product is a combustible liquid This product has the potential to cause fire or to

create an additional hazard during fire. Flashpoint: 72°C (closed cup).

Suitable extinguishing substances:

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Products of combustion:

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke.

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or

Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

alcohol resistant foam.

Unknown.

Hazchem code: NA

6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment If greater than 10000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to

manage any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent

discharge to storm water.

Emergency procedures Generally the container size will limit the amount spilled. In the event of a large spillage

(>100L) alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard.

Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately). Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the

Clean-up method

Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal



Reed Diffuser Base

Safety Data Sheet

in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers

or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

DisposalMop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for

approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation

of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

7. Storage & Handling

Precautions

Handling

Storage Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Containers (and outer packaging) must bear the prescribed labelling. Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Ingredient WES-TWA WES-STEL

Exposure Stds Smg/m³ 10mg/m³

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

General

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

Eyes



Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Skin

Respiratory

Protective gloves and clothing are not normally necessary. However, it is prudent to wear gloves when handling chemicals in bulk or for an extended period of time. Respirator is not required under normal use. Ensure adequate natural ventilation. If product is being used in confined conditions, the use of a mask or respirator may be preferred.

WES Additional Information

Not applicable



9. Physical & Chemical Properties

colourless liquid **Appearance** Odour no odour **Odour Threshold** no data Hq no data Freezing/melting point -76°C >196°C **Boiling Point** Flashpoint 72°C

Flammability combustible liquid **Upper & lower flammable limits** no LEL or UEL Vapour pressure 19Pa @25°C

Vapour density 4.6 Specific gravity/density ~1

Solubility miscible in water

Partition coefficient no data Auto-ignition temperature 204°C **Decomposition temperature** no data **Viscosity** no data **Particle Characteristics** no data

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Flammable substance. Keep away from sources of ignition at all times. Containers

should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination.

Incompatible groups Strong oxidisers **Substance Specific** none known

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition Oxides of carbon

products

Hazardous reactions none known

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: low acute toxicity. IF IN EYES: may cause irritation. IF ON SKIN: may dry out skin. IF INHALED: no effects anticipated.

Supporting Data

Acute Oral Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture

is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Glycol solvent 3000mg/kg (guinea pig),

Alkanes, C11-13-iso- >2000mg/kg.

EDIT: This mixture is not considered an aspiration hazard. Aspiration

Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the **Dermal**

mixture is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Glycol solvent no data, Alkanes,

C11-13-iso->2000mg/kg.

Inhaled Using LD₅₀'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the

mixture is >5mg/L/4h. Data considered includes: Glycol solvent no data, Alkanes,

C11-13-iso- >20mg/L (rat).

Eye The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant, because Glycol solvent is an eye

irritant.

Skin The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant. Chronic

Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer. Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen. Reproductive / No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

Developmental developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Systemic No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.

Aggravation of None known.

existing conditions



12. Ecological Data

Summary

This mixture is not considered ecotoxic. In all cases prevent run-off to drains, sewers and waterways.

Supporting Data

Aquatic Using EC₅₀'s for ingredients, the calculated EC₅₀ for the mixture is > 100 mg/L.

Bioaccumulation No data
Degradability No data

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate See acute toxicity (section 11)

Terrestrial invertebrateNo evidence of ecotoxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

Biocidal no data

13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal methodDisposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

Contaminated packaging Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:NAProper shipping name:NAClass(es)NAPacking group:NAPrecautions:NAHazchem code:NA

IMDG

UN number: NA Proper shipping name: Not regulated

Class(es) NA Packing group: NA Precautions: NA EmS NA

IATA

UN number: NA Proper shipping name: Not regulated

Class(es)NAPacking group:NAPrecautions:NAERG GuideNA



Reed Diffuser Base

Safety Data Sheet

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002574, Food Additives and Fragrance Materials (Combustible) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity. Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained. Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017. Labelling

Required if > 10000L is stored. Emergency plan

Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 10000L is stored. Signage Required if > 10000L is stored.

Location compliance certificate Not required. Flammable zone Not required. Fire extinguisher If > 500L present.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

Approval HSR002574, Food Additives and Fragrance Materials (Combustible) Group **Approval Code**

Standard 2020 Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number **CAS Number**

EC₅₀ Ecotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

EPA Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised **GHS**

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

 LD_{50} Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats). LC₅₀

Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals **NZIoC**

Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or STEL

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided

the TWA is not exceeded

STOT RE System Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure STOT SE System Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

TWA Time Weighted Average - generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit **UN Number** United Nations Number

Page 6 of 7 November 2024



WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS

Review

Date Reason for review

Review date Not applicable - New SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

